

4. THERE, THEIR AND THEY'RE Name: _____

HINT BOX

There, their and they're are homophones. Homophones are words that sound the same but are spelt differently and have different meanings.

1. There = A position or place.
EXAMPLE: Over there by the green tree.
2. Their = Someone owns or possesses something.
EXAMPLES: That is their ball. People need to purchase their tickets.
3. They're = A contraction of 'they are'.
EXAMPLE: They're not coming to dinner tonight.

START UP

Fill in the following with there, their or they're.

1. Tim and Mark are training for _____ football game.
2. I noticed that _____ are many errors in your work today.
3. The children found _____ ball in a tree but didn't know how it got _____.
4. _____ getting take away for lunch.
5. The police stated, "_____ not going to get away with this."

STEP UP

Replace the incorrect there, they're or their, with the correct one [if needed].

1. Where is there _____ homework?
2. Their _____ are too many students to fit on the bus.
3. They're _____ the best players in the team.
4. It's they're _____ turn to roll the dice.

5. No one knows whether there _____ going to come or not.
6. Their _____ is no sugar left to make the cake.
7. "What is there _____ name?" Asked the teacher.
8. I wanted to take they're _____ left over food home.

ADVANCED

Create sentences using the word in the brackets. Remember to start each sentence with a capital letter and to end each sentence with a period.

1. [there] _____

2. [they're] _____

3. [their] _____

4. [there] _____

5. [they're] _____

6. [their] _____
